

Probability

$P(A)$ = "probability of event A"

$P(A|B)$ = "probability of event A given event B"
↑ "given"

$P(\bar{A})$ = "probability of event A not occurring"

Basic Rules:

* sum of all probabilities in an event space = 1

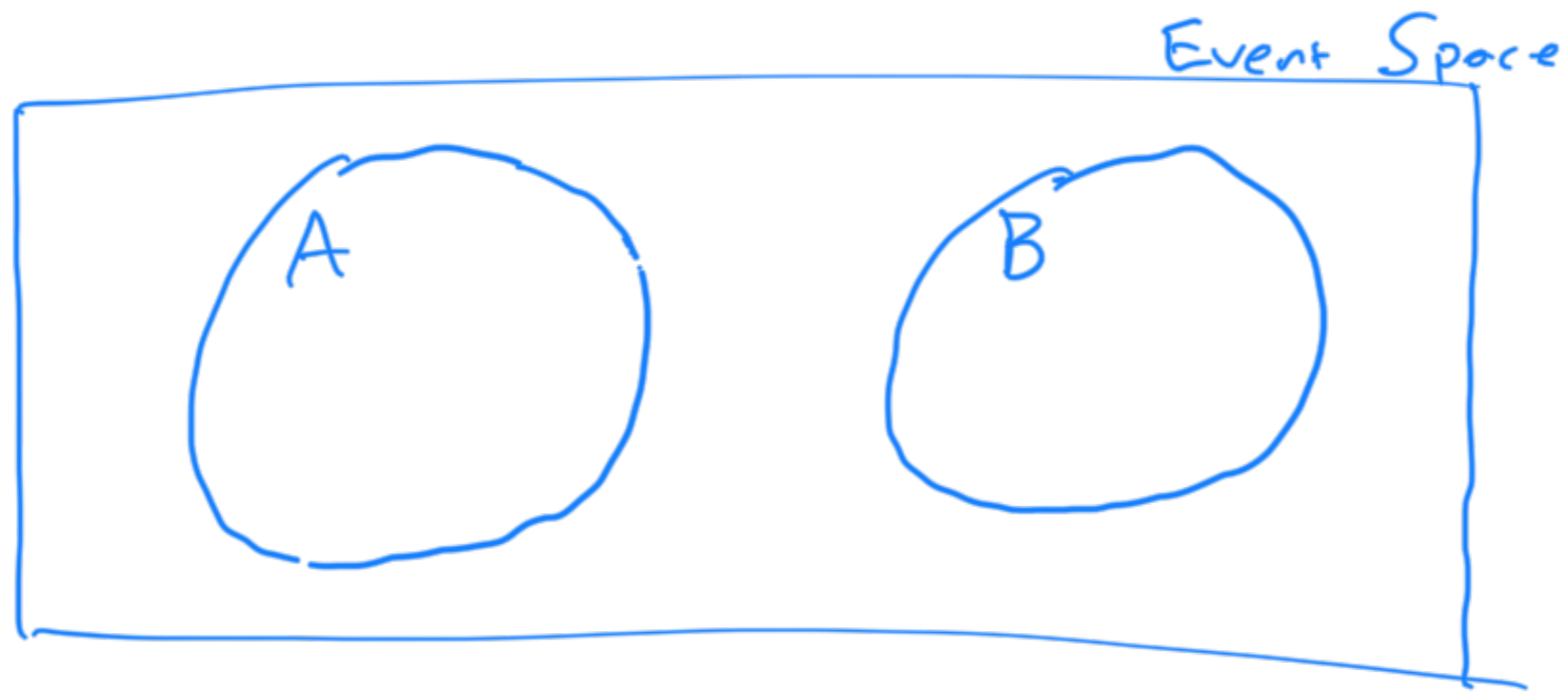
* $0 \leq P(x) \leq 1$

* $P(\bar{A}) = 1 - P(A)$

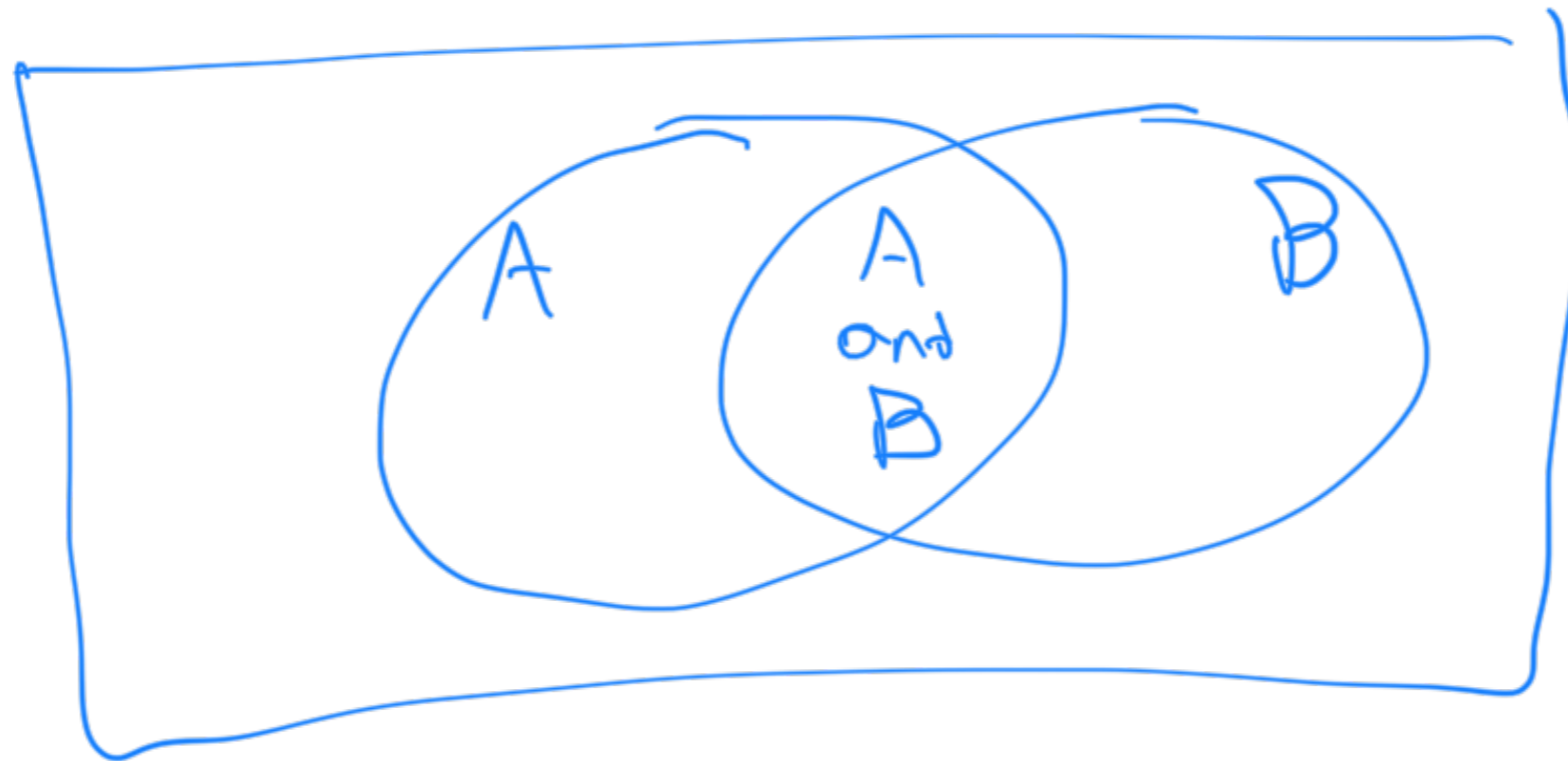
$P(A) = 1 - P(\bar{A})$

* $P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B)$

iff A and B are mutually exclusive



$$* P(A \text{ or } B) = P(A) + P(B) - P(A \text{ and } B)$$



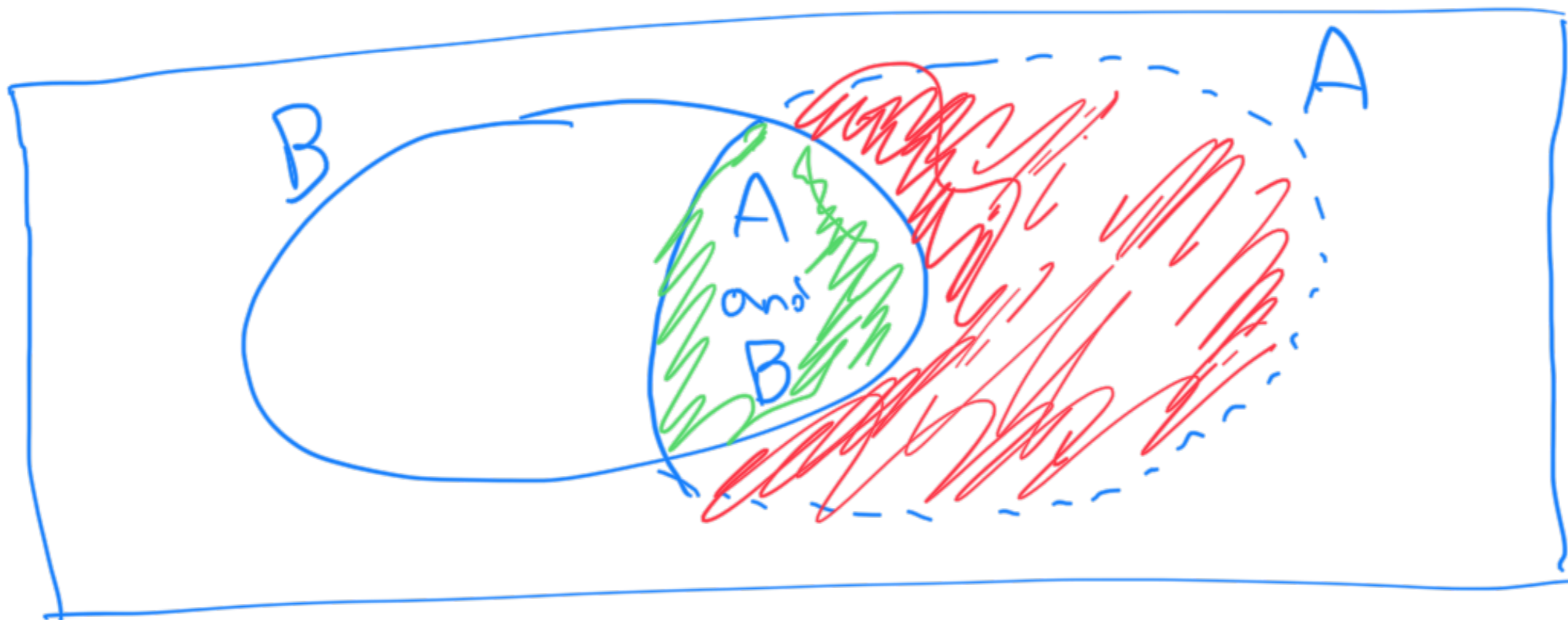
$$* P(A \text{ and } B) = \frac{P(A)P(B|A)}{P(A)} = P(B)P(A|B)$$



$$* P(A \text{ and } B) = P(A)P(B)$$

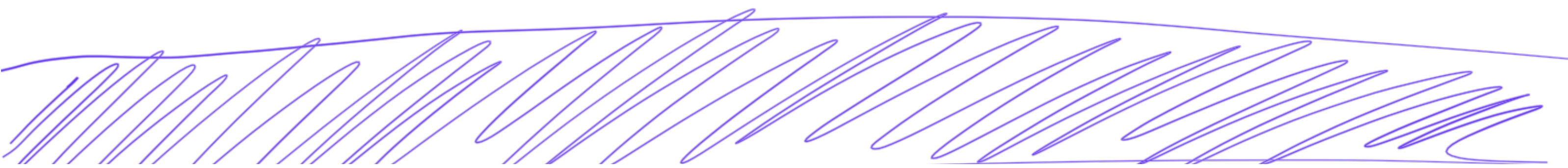
iff A and B are independent

* Bayes' Rule:

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(B)}$$



 = event A that is relevant given B
 : event A that is irrelevant given B



Email Spam Categorization

Using Probability

Step 1

In Excel:

Text	Spam?
Buy this pill to ...	1
Free lottery Tickets! Just ...	1
Can I send you \$1 million? ...	1
...	1
...	1
Dear Peter, Can you help me with my HW?	0
Check out this concert on ...	0
...	0
...	0

(1 = spam,
0 = not spam)

Step 2

Convert text into numerical representation:

- 1 is word appears in text
- 0 is word doesn't appear in text

(this table doesn't correspond to step 1's table)

hello	vicodin	...	Spam?
0	1		1
1	1		1
0	0		1
1	1		1
1	1		1
0	0	0 0 0	1
			1

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 1 \\
 1 & 1
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \begin{array}{c|c}
 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0 \\
 1 & 0
 \end{array}$$

Step 3

Calculate the relevant probabilities for Bayes' Rule

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \text{ and } B)}{P(B)} = \frac{P(B|A)P(A)}{P(B)}$$

$$P(\text{Spam} | \text{each word}) = \frac{P(\text{word 1} | \text{spam}) \cdot P(\text{word 2} | \text{spam}) \cdots P(\text{Spam})}{P(\text{seeing all words})}$$

$$P(\text{not Spam} | \text{each word}) = \frac{P(\text{word 1} | \text{not spam}) \cdot P(\text{word 2} | \text{not spam}) \cdots P(\text{not Spam})}{P(\text{seeing all words})}$$

$P(\text{spam} | \text{word})$

To categorize as Spam, $P(\text{Spam} | \text{each word}) > P(\text{not Spam} | \text{each word})$

To categorize as ^{not} Spam, $P(\text{Spam} | \text{each word}) \leq P(\text{not Spam} | \text{each word})$

$$P(\text{"hello"} | \text{Spam}) = \frac{\text{Number of Spam emails with "hello"}}{\text{Number of Spam emails}} = 50\%$$

$$P(\text{"Vicodin"} | \text{Spam}) = 4/6 = 66.7\%$$

$$P(\text{Spam}) = 6/10 = 60\%$$

$$P(\text{"hello"} | \text{not Spam}) = 4/4 = 100\%$$

$$P(\text{"Vicodin"} | \text{not Spam}) = 2/4 = 50\%$$

$$P(\text{not Spam}) = 40\%$$

Step 4

Use these probabilities to categorize new, unseen emails.

Example new email: "Hello! Buy my Vicodin."

$$P(\text{Spam} | \text{words}) = P(\text{"hello"} | \text{Spam}) P(\text{"Vicodin"} | \text{Spam}) P(\text{Spam}) = 10\%$$

$$P(\text{not Spam} | \text{words}) = P(\text{"hello"} | \text{not Spam}) P(\text{"Vicodin"} | \text{not Spam}) P(\text{not Spam})$$

$$= 100\% \cdot 50\% \cdot 40\% = 20\%$$

Since $P(\text{Spam} | \text{words}) > P(\text{not Spam} | \text{words})$,

put email in spam folder.

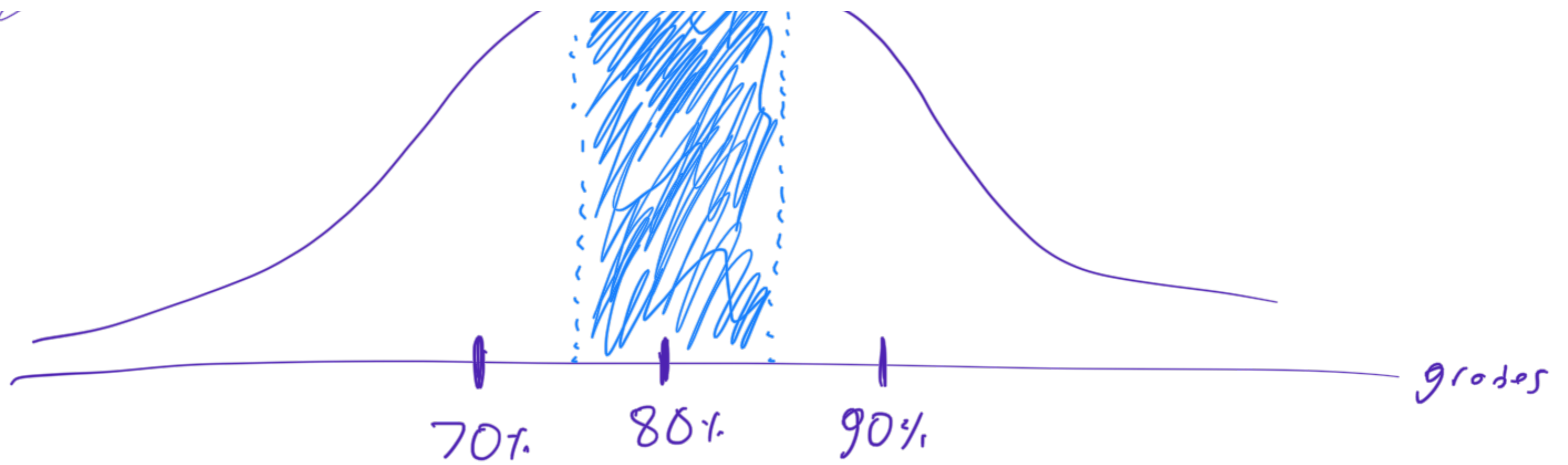
Example new email: "Hello! Let's go to lunch."

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\text{spam} | \text{words}) &\propto P(\text{"hello"} | \text{spam}) P(\text{not "vicodin"} | \text{spam}) P(\text{spam}) \\
 &= 50\% \cdot 33.3\% \cdot 60\% \\
 &= 10\%
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P(\text{not spam} | \text{words}) &\propto P(\text{"hello"} | \text{not spam}) P(\text{not "vicodin"} | \text{not spam}) \cdot P(\text{not spam}) \\
 &= 100\% \cdot 50\% \cdot 40\% \\
 &= 20\%
 \end{aligned}$$

Since $P(\text{not spam} | \text{words}) > P(\text{spam} | \text{words})$,
 don't put email in spam folder





$$P(75\% < \text{grade} < 85\%)$$
$$= \int_{75}^{85} \text{Bell Curve } dx$$